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# Commutators of Marcinkiewicz integral with rough kernels on generalized weighted Morrey spaces

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**Abstract.** We study the boundedness of the commutators of Marcinkiewicz operators  $\mu_{\Omega,b}$  with rough kernels  $\Omega \in L_s(S^{n-1})$  for some  $s \in (1,\infty]$  and BMO function b on generalized weighted Morrey spaces  $M_{p,\varphi}(w)$ . In the case of  $b \in BMO(\mathbb{R}^n)$  we find the sufficient conditions on the pair  $(\varphi_1,\varphi_2)$  with  $s' and <math>w \in A_{p/s'}$  or  $1 and <math>w^{1-p'} \in A_{p'/s'}$  which ensures the boundedness of the operators  $\mu_{\Omega,b}$  from one generalized weighted Morrey space  $M_{p,\varphi_1}(w)$  to another  $M_{p,\varphi_2}(w)$ .

**Keywords.** Marcinkiewicz operator; rough kernel; generalized weighted Morrey spaces; commutator;  $A_p(\mathbb{R}^n)$  weights.

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#### 1 Introduction

The classical Morrey spaces were originally introduced by Morrey in [16] to study the local behavior of solutions to second order elliptic partial differential equations. Guliyev, Mizuhara and Nakai [7,15,18] introduced generalized Morrey spaces  $M^{p,\varphi}(\mathbb{R}^n)$  (see, also [8,19]). Recently, Komori and Shirai [14] considered the weighted Morrey spaces  $L^{p,\kappa}(w)$  and studied the boundedness of some classical operators such as the Hardy-Littlewood maximal operator, the Calderón-Zygmund operator on these spaces. Guliyev [9] gave a concept of generalized weighted Morrey space  $M_{p,\varphi}(w)$  which could be viewed as extension of both generalized Morrey space  $M_{p,\varphi}$  and weighted Morrey space  $L^{p,\kappa}(w)$ . In [9] Guliyev also studied the boundedness of the classical operators and their commutators in these spaces  $M_{p,\varphi}(w)$ , see also [1,6,10,11].

Let  $S^{n-1} = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^n : |x| = 1\}$  is the unit sphere of  $\mathbb{R}^n$   $(n \geq 2)$  equipped with the normalized Lebesgue measure  $d\sigma = d\sigma(x')$ . Suppose that  $\Omega$  satisfies the following conditions.

(i)  $\Omega$  is a homogeneous function of degree zero on  $\mathbb{R}^n$ . That is,

$$\Omega(tx) = \Omega(x)$$
 for all  $t > 0$  and  $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$ . (1.1)

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(ii)  $\Omega$  has mean zero on  $S^{n-1}$ . That is,

$$\int_{S^{n-1}} \Omega(x') d\sigma(x') = 0, \tag{1.2}$$

where x' = x/|x| for any  $x \neq 0$ .

The Marcinkiewicz integral operator of higher dimension  $\mu_{\Omega}$  is defined by

$$\mu_{\Omega}(f)(x) = \left(\int_{0}^{\infty} |F_{\Omega,t}(f)(x)|^{2} \frac{dt}{t^{3}}\right)^{1/2},$$

where

$$F_{\Omega,t}(f)(x) = \int_{B(x,t)} \frac{\Omega(x-y)}{|x-y|^{n-1}} f(y) dy.$$

It is well known that the Littlewood-Paley g-function is a very important tool in harmonic analysis and the Marcinkiewicz integral is essentially a Littlewood-Paley g-function. In this paper, we will also consider the com- mutator  $\mu_{\Omega,b}$  which is given by the following expression

$$\mu_{\Omega,b}f(x) = \left(\int_0^\infty |F_{\Omega,t}^b(x)|^2 \frac{dt}{t^3}\right)^{1/2},$$

where

$$F_{\varOmega,t}^b(x) = \int_{B(x,t)} \frac{\varOmega(x-y)}{|x-y|^{n-1}} \left[b(x) - b(y)\right] f(y) dy.$$

In the case of  $b \in BMO(\mathbb{R}^n)$  we find the sufficient conditions on the pair  $(\varphi_1, \varphi_2)$  with  $s' and <math>w \in A_{p/s'}$  or  $1 and <math>w^{1-p'} \in A_{p'/s'}$  which ensures the boundedness of the operators  $\mu_{\Omega,b}$  from one generalized weighted Morrey space  $M_{p,\varphi_1}(w)$  to another  $M_{p,\varphi_2}(w)$ .

By  $A \lesssim B$  we mean that  $A \leq CB$  with some positive constant C independent of appropriate quantities. If  $A \lesssim B$  and  $B \lesssim A$ , we write  $A \approx B$  and say that A and B are equivalent.

#### 2 Preliminaries

We recall that a weight function w is in the Muckenhoupt's class  $A_p(\mathbb{R}^n)$  [17], 1 , if

$$[w]_{A_p} := \sup_{B} [w]_{A_p(B)}$$

$$= \sup_{B} \left(\frac{1}{|B|} \int_{B} w(x) dx\right) \left(\frac{1}{|B|} \int_{B} w(x)^{1-p'} dx\right)^{p-1}, \tag{2.1}$$

where the sup is taken with respect to all the balls B and  $\frac{1}{p} + \frac{1}{p'} = 1$ . Note that, for all balls B by Hölder's inequality

$$[w]_{A_p(B)}^{1/p} = |B|^{-1} ||w||_{L_1(B)}^{1/p} ||w^{-1/p}||_{L_{p'}(B)} \ge 1.$$
(2.2)

For p=1, the class  $A_1$  is defined by the condition  $Mw(x) \leq Cw(x)$  with  $[w]_{A_1} = \sup_{x \in \mathbb{R}^n} \frac{Mw(x)}{w(x)}$ , and for  $p=\infty$   $A_{\infty}(\mathbb{R}^n) = \bigcup_{1 \leq p < \infty} A_p(\mathbb{R}^n)$  and  $[w]_{A_{\infty}} = \inf_{1 \leq p < \infty} [w]_{A_p}$ .

Remark 2.1 It is known that

$$w^{1-p'} \in A_{p'/q'} \Rightarrow [w^{1-p'}]_{A_{p'/q'}(B)}^{q'/p'} = |B|^{-1} ||w^{1-p'}||_{L_1(B)}^{q'/p'} ||w^{q'/p}||_{L_{(p'/q')'}(B)}.$$

Moreover, we can write  $w^{1-p'} \in A_{p'/q'} \Rightarrow w^{1-p'} \in A_{p'}$  because of  $w^{1-p'} \in A_{p'/q'} \subset A_{p'}$ . Therefore, we get

$$w^{1-p'} \in A_{p'/q'} \Rightarrow w^{1-p'} \in A_{p'}$$
  
$$\Rightarrow [w^{1-p'}]_{A_{p'}(B)}^{1/p'} = |B|^{-1} ||w^{1-p'}||_{L_1(B)}^{1/p'} ||w^{1/p}||_{L_p(B)}. \tag{2.3}$$

But the opposite is not true.

**Remark 2.2** Let's write  $w^{1-p'} \in A_{p'/q'}$  and used the definitions  $A_p$  classes we get the following

$$w^{1-p'} \in A_{p'/q'} \Rightarrow [w^{1-p'}]_{A_{p'/q'}}^{\frac{q(p-1)}{p(q-1)}} = |B|^{-1} ||w^{1-p'}||_{L_1(B)}^{\frac{q(p-1)}{p(q-1)}} ||w^{q'/p}||_{L_{(p'/q')'}(B)}$$

$$\Rightarrow [w^{1-p'}]_{A_{p'/q'}}^{1/p'} = |B|^{-\frac{q-1}{q}} ||w^{1-p'}||_{L_1(B)}^{1/p'} ||w||_{L_{\frac{q}{q-p}(B)}}^{1/p}, \qquad (2.4)$$

where the following equalities are provided.

$$1 - p' = -\frac{p'}{p}, \quad \frac{q'}{p} = \frac{q}{p(q-1)}, \quad \frac{q'}{p'} = \frac{q(p-1)}{p(q-1)}, \quad \left(\frac{q}{p}\right)' = \frac{q}{q-p}, \quad \left(\frac{p'}{q'}\right)' = \frac{p(q-1)}{q-p}.$$

Then from eq.(2.3) and eq.(2.4) we have

$$w^{1-p'} \in A_{p'/q'} \Rightarrow [w^{1-p'}]_{A_{p'/q'}}^{1/p'}$$

$$= |B|^{\frac{1}{q}} [w^{1-p'}]_{A_{p'}(B)}^{1/p'} ||w^{1/p}||_{L_{p}(B)}^{-1} ||w||_{L_{\frac{q}{q-p}(B)}}^{1/p}. \tag{2.5}$$

We define the generalized weighed Morrey spaces as follows, see [9].

**Definition 2.1** Let  $1 \leq p < \infty$ ,  $\varphi$  be a positive measurable function on  $\mathbb{R}^n \times (0, \infty)$  and w be non-negative measurable function on  $\mathbb{R}^n$ . We denote by  $M_{p,\varphi}(w)$  the generalized weighted Morrey space, the space of all functions  $f \in L^{loc}_{p,w}(\mathbb{R}^n)$  with finite norm

$$||f||_{M_{p,\varphi}(w)} = \sup_{x \in \mathbb{R}^n, r > 0} \varphi(x, r)^{-1} w(B(x, r))^{-\frac{1}{p}} ||f||_{L_{p,w}(B(x, r))}.$$

The operator  $\mu_{\Omega}$  was first defined by Stein [20]. And Stein proved that if is continuous and satisfies a  $\mathrm{Lip}_{\alpha}(S^{n-1})(0<\alpha\leq 1)$  condition, then  $\mu_{\Omega}$  is an operator of type (p,p)  $(1< p\leq 2)$  and of weak type (1,1). In [2], Benedek, Calderón and Panzone proved that if  $\Omega\in C^1(S^{n-1})$ , then  $\mu_{\Omega}$  is bounded on  $L_p(\mathbb{R}^n)$  for  $1< p<\infty$ . The  $L_p$  boundedness of  $\mu_{\Omega}$  has been studied extensively. See [2,13,20,21], among others. Ding, Fan and Pan [3] proved the weighted  $L_p(\mathbb{R}^n)$  boundedness with  $A_p$  weighs for a class of rough Marcinkiewicz integrals. Recently, Ding, Fan and Pan [4] improved the results mentioned above and showed that if  $\Omega\in H^1(S^{n-1})$ , the Hardy space on the unit sphere, then  $\mu_{\Omega}$  is still a bounded operator on  $L_p(\mathbb{R}^n)$  for  $1< p<\infty$ . In [22], Xu, Chen and Ying proved the same result as [4] using a different method.

**Theorem 2.1** [5] Suppose that  $\Omega$  be satisfies the conditions (1.1), (1.2) and  $\Omega \in L_s(S^{n-1})$  for some  $s \in (1, \infty]$ . Let also  $b \in BMO(\mathbb{R}^n)$ . Then for every  $s' and <math>w \in A_{\frac{p}{s'}}(\mathbb{R}^n)$  or  $1 and <math>w^{1-p'} \in A_{\frac{p'}{s'}}(\mathbb{R}^n)$ , there is a constant C > 0 independent of f such that

$$\|\mu_{\Omega,b}f\|_{L_{p,w}} \le C\|f\|_{L_{p,w}}.$$

We will use the following statement on the boundedness of the weighted Hardy operator

$$H_w^*g(t) := \int_t^\infty \left(1 + \frac{s}{t}\right) g(s) \, w(s) \, ds, \quad 0 < t < \infty,$$

where w is a weight. The following theorem was proved in [9].

**Theorem 2.2** [9] Let  $v_1$ ,  $v_2$  and w be weights on  $(0, \infty)$  and  $v_1(t)$  be bounded outside a neighborhood of the origin. The inequality

$$\sup_{t>0} v_2(t) H_w^* g(t) \le C \sup_{t>0} v_1(t) g(t)$$

holds for some C > 0 for all non-negative and non-decreasing g on  $(0, \infty)$  if and only if

$$B := \sup_{t>0} v_2(t) \int_t^\infty \left(1 + \frac{s}{t}\right) \frac{w(s) ds}{\sup_{s < \tau < \infty} v_1(\tau)} < \infty.$$

## 3 Commutators of Marcinkiewicz operator with rough kernels $\mu_{\Omega,b}$ in the spaces $M_{p,\varphi}(w)$

We recall the definition of the space of  $BMO(\mathbb{R}^n)$ .

**Definition 3.1** *Suppose that*  $b \in L_1^{loc}(\mathbb{R}^n)$ *, and let* 

$$||b||_* = \sup_{x \in \mathbb{R}^n, r > 0} \frac{1}{|B(x,r)|} \int_{B(x,r)} |b(y) - b_{B(x,r)}| dy < \infty,$$

where

$$b_{B(x,r)} = \frac{1}{|B(x,r)|} \int_{B(x,r)} b(y) dy.$$

Define

$$BMO(\mathbb{R}^n) = \{ b \in L_1^{loc}(\mathbb{R}^n) : ||b||_* < \infty \}.$$

Modulo constants, the space  $BMO(\mathbb{R}^n)$  is a Banach space with respect to the norm  $\|\cdot\|_*$ .

**Remark 3.1** Let  $b \in BMO(\mathbb{R}^n)$ . Then there is a constant C > 0 such that

$$|b_{B(x,r)} - b_{B(x,t)}| \le C||b||_* \ln \frac{t}{r} \text{ for } 0 < 2r < t,$$
 (3.1)

where C is independent of b, x, r and t.

The following Guliyev type local estimates are valid, see [7–9].

**Lemma 3.1** Suppose that  $\Omega$  be satisfies the conditions (1.1), (1.2) and  $\Omega \in L_s(S^{n-1})$ ,  $1 < s \le \infty$ . Let  $b \in BMO(\mathbb{R}^n)$ .

If  $s' and <math>w \in A_{p/s'}$ , then the inequality

$$\|\mu_{\Omega,b}(f)\|_{L_{p,w}(B(x_0,r))} \lesssim w(B(x_0,r))^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_{2r}^{\infty} \left(1 + \ln\frac{t}{r}\right) \|f\|_{L_{p,w}(B(x_0,t))} w(B(x_0,t))^{-\frac{1}{p}} \frac{dt}{t}$$

holds for any ball  $B(x_0, r)$ , and for all  $f \in L_{p,w}^{loc}(\mathbb{R}^n)$ .

If  $1 and <math>w^{1-p'} \in A_{p'/s'}$ , then the inequality

$$\|\mu_{\Omega,b}(f)\|_{L_{p,w}(B(x_0,r))} \lesssim \|w\|_{L_{\frac{s}{s-p}(B(x_0,r))}}^{1/p} \int_{2r}^{\infty} \left(1+\ln\frac{t}{r}\right) \|f\|_{L_{p,w}(B(x_0,t))} \|w\|_{L_{\frac{s}{s-p}(B(x_0,t))}}^{-1/p} \frac{dt}{t}$$

holds for any ball  $B(x_0, r)$ , and for all  $f \in L_{n,w}^{loc}(\mathbb{R}^n)$ .

**Proof.** Let  $p \in (1, \infty)$ ,  $b \in BMO(\mathbb{R}^n)$  and  $\Omega$  be satisfies the conditions (1.1), (1.2) and  $\Omega \in L_s(S^{n-1})$ ,  $1 < s \le \infty$ .

For arbitrary  $x_0 \in \mathbb{R}^n$ , set  $B = B(x_0, r)$  for the ball centered at  $x_0$  and of radius r,  $2B = B(x_0, 2r)$ . We represent f as

$$f = f_1 + f_2, \ f_1(y) = f(y)\chi_{2B}(y), \ f_2(y) = f(y)\chi_{\mathfrak{g}_{(2B)}}(y)$$
 (3.2)

and have

$$\|\mu_{\Omega,b}f\|_{L_{p,w}(B)} \le \|\mu_{\Omega,b}f_1\|_{L_{p,w}(B)} + \|\mu_{\Omega,b}f_2\|_{L_{p,w}(B)}.$$

Since  $f_1 \in L_{p,w}$ ,  $\mu_{\Omega,b}f_1 \in L_{p,w}$  and from the boundedness of  $\mu_{\Omega,b}$  in  $L_{p,w}$  for  $s' and <math>w \in A_{p/s'}$  (see Theorem 2.1) it follows that

$$\|\mu_{\Omega,b}f_1\|_{L_{p,w}(B)} \leq \|\mu_{\Omega,b}f_1\|_{L_{p,w}(\mathbb{R}^n)} \lesssim \|\Omega\|_{L_s(S^{n-1})} [w]_{A_{\frac{p}{s'}}}^{\frac{1}{p}} \|b\|_* \|f_1\|_{L_{p,w}(\mathbb{R}^n)}$$
$$= \|\Omega\|_{L_s(S^{n-1})} [w]_{A_{\frac{p}{s'}}}^{\frac{1}{p}} \|b\|_* \|f\|_{L_{p,w}(2B)}.$$

For  $x \in B$  we have

$$\mu_{\Omega,b}(f_2(x)) \lesssim \int_{\mathfrak{c}_{(2B)}} |b(y) - b(x)| |\Omega(x-y)| \frac{|f(y)|}{|x_0 - y|^n} dy.$$

Then

$$\begin{split} \|\mu_{\Omega,b}f_{2}\|_{L_{p,w}(B)} &\lesssim \left(\int_{B} \left(\int_{\mathfrak{c}_{(2B)}} |b(y)-b(x)| |\Omega(x-y)| \frac{|f(y)|}{|x_{0}-y|^{n}} \, dy\right)^{p} w(x) dx\right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \\ &\lesssim \left(\int_{B} \left(\int_{\mathfrak{c}_{(2B)}} |b(y)-b_{B,w}| |\Omega(x-y)| \frac{|f(y)|}{|x_{0}-y|^{n}} \, dy\right)^{p} w(x) dx\right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \\ &+ \left(\int_{B} \left(\int_{\mathfrak{c}_{(2B)}} |b(x)-b_{B,w}| |\Omega(x-y)| \frac{|f(y)|}{|x_{0}-y|^{n}} \, dy\right)^{p} w(x) dx\right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \\ &= I_{1} + I_{2}. \end{split}$$

Let us estimate  $I_1$ .

$$\begin{split} I_{1} &= w(B)^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_{\mathfrak{C}_{(2B)}} |b(y) - b_{B,w}| \, |\Omega(x-y)| \frac{|f(y)|}{|x_{0} - y|^{n}} \, dy \\ &\approx w(B)^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_{\mathfrak{C}_{(2B)}} |b(y) - b_{B,w}| \, |\Omega(x-y)| \, |f(y)| \int_{|x_{0} - y|}^{\infty} \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}} \, dy \\ &\approx w(B)^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_{2r}^{\infty} \int_{2r \leq |x_{0} - y| \leq t} |b(y) - b_{B,w}| \, |\Omega(x-y)| \, |f(y)| \, dy \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}} \\ &\lesssim w(B)^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_{2r}^{\infty} \int_{B(x_{0},t)} |b(y) - b_{B,w}| \, |\Omega(x-y)| \, |f(y)| \, dy \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}}. \end{split}$$

Set m=p/q'>1. Since  $w\in A_m$ , from (2.3), we know  $w^{1-m'}\in A_{m'}$ . Applying Hölder's inequality and by (3.1), we get

$$\begin{split} I_{1} &\lesssim \|b\|_{*} \, w(B)^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_{2r}^{\infty} \|\Omega(x-\cdot)\|_{L_{s}(B(x_{0},t))} \, \||b(y)-b_{B,w}|f\|_{L_{s'}(B(x_{0},t))} \, \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}} \\ &\lesssim \|\Omega\|_{L_{s}(S^{n-1})} \, w(B)^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_{2r}^{\infty} \|b-b_{B,w}\|_{L_{m's',w^{1-m'}}(B(x_{0},t))} \, \|f\|_{L_{p,w}(B(x_{0},t))} \, |B(x_{0},t+|x-x_{0}|)|^{\frac{1}{s}} \, \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}} \\ &\lesssim \|\Omega\|_{L_{s}(S^{n-1})} \|b\|_{*} \, w(B)^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_{2r}^{\infty} \left(1+\ln\frac{t}{r}\right) \left(w^{1-m'}(B(x_{0},t))\right)^{\frac{1}{m's'}} \, \|f\|_{L_{p,w}(B(x_{0},t))} \, |B(x_{0},t)| \, \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}} \\ &\lesssim \|\Omega\|_{L_{s}(S^{n-1})} [w]^{\frac{1}{p}}_{A_{\frac{p}{l'}}} \|b\|_{*} \, w(B)^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_{2r}^{\infty} \left(1+\ln\frac{t}{r}\right) \|f\|_{L_{p,w}(B(x_{0},t))} \, w(B(x_{0},t))^{-\frac{1}{p}} \, \frac{dt}{t}. \end{split}$$

In order to estimate  $I_2$  note that

$$I_2 = \left( \int_B |b(x) - b_{B,w}|^p w(x) dx \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_{\mathfrak{c}_{(2B)}} \frac{|\Omega(x-y)| |f(y)|}{|x_0 - y|^n} dy.$$

By Fubini's theorem we have

$$\begin{split} &\int_{\mathfrak{c}_{(2B)}} \frac{|\varOmega(x-y)||f(y)|}{|x_0-y|^n} dy \approx \int_{\mathfrak{c}_{(2B)}} |\varOmega(x-y)| \, |f(y)| \int_{|x-y|}^{\infty} \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}} dy \\ &= \int_{2r}^{\infty} \int_{2r \leq |x_0-y| < t} |\varOmega(x-y)| \, |f(y)| dy \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}} \lesssim \int_{2r}^{\infty} \int_{B(x_0,t)} |\varOmega(x-y)| \, |f(y)| dy \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}} \; . \end{split}$$

By applying Hölder's inequality for  $s' and <math>w \in A_{p/s'}$ , we get

$$\int_{\mathbb{C}_{(2B)}} \frac{|\Omega(x-y)| |f(y)|}{|x_0-y|^n} dy \lesssim \int_{2r}^{\infty} \|\Omega(x-\cdot)\|_{L_s(B(x_0,t))} \|f\|_{L_{s'}(B(x_0,t))} \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}} 
\lesssim \|\Omega\|_{L_s(S^{n-1})} \int_{2r}^{\infty} \|f\|_{L_{p,w}(B(x_0,t))} \|w^{-s'/p}\|_{L_{(p/s')'}(B(x_0,t))}^{\frac{1}{s'}} |B(0,t+|x-x_0|)|^{\frac{1}{s}} \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}} 
\lesssim \|\Omega\|_{L_s(S^{n-1})} [w]_{A_{\frac{p}{s'}}}^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_{2r}^{\infty} \|f\|_{L_{p,w}(B(x,t))} w(B(x_0,t))^{-\frac{1}{p}} |B(x_0,t)|^{\frac{1}{s'}} |B(0,t)|^{\frac{1}{s}} \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}} 
\approx \|\Omega\|_{L_s(S^{n-1})} [w]_{A_{\frac{p}{s'}}}^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_{2r}^{\infty} \|f\|_{L_{p,w}(B(x_0,t))} w(B(x_0,t))^{-\frac{1}{p}} \frac{dt}{t}.$$
(3.3)

By (3.1) and (3.3), we get

$$\begin{split} I_2 &\lesssim \|b\|_* \, w(B)^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_{\mathfrak{C}_{(2B)}} \frac{|\Omega(x-y)||f(y)|}{|x_0 - y|^n} \, dy \\ &\lesssim \|\Omega\|_{L_s(S^{n-1})} [w]_{A_{\frac{p}{s'}}}^{\frac{1}{p}} \|b\|_* \, w(B)^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_{2r}^{\infty} \|f\|_{L_{p,w}(B(x,t))} \, w(B(x_0,t))^{-\frac{1}{p}} \, \frac{dt}{t}. \end{split}$$

Summing up  $I_1$  and  $I_2$ , for all  $p \in (1, \infty)$  we get

$$\|\mu_{\Omega,b}f_2\|_{L_{p,w}(B)} \lesssim \|\Omega\|_{L_s(S^{n-1})} [w]_{A_{\frac{p}{s'}}}^{\frac{1}{p}} \|b\|_* w(B)^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_{2r}^{\infty} \left(1 + \ln \frac{t}{r}\right) \|f\|_{L_{p,w}(B(x_0,t))} w(B(x_0,t))^{-\frac{1}{p}} \frac{dt}{t}.$$

Thus

$$\|\mu_{\Omega,b}f\|_{L_{p,w}(B)} \lesssim \|\Omega\|_{L_{s}(S^{n-1})} [w]_{A_{\frac{p}{s'}}}^{\frac{1}{p}} \|b\|_{*} \left(\|f\|_{L_{p,w}(2B)} + w(B)^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_{2r}^{\infty} \left(1 + \ln\frac{t}{r}\right) \|f\|_{L_{p,w}(B(x_{0},t))} w(B(x_{0},t))^{-\frac{1}{p}} \frac{dt}{t} \right).$$
(3.4)

On the other hand,

$$||f||_{L_{p,w}(2B)} \approx |B| ||f||_{L_{p,w}(2B)} \int_{2r}^{\infty} \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}} \lesssim |B| \int_{2r}^{\infty} ||f||_{L_{p,w}(B(x_0,t))} \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}}$$

$$\lesssim w(B)^{\frac{1}{p}} ||w^{-1/p}||_{L_{p'}(B)} \int_{2r}^{\infty} ||f||_{L_{p,w}(B(x_0,t))} \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}}$$

$$\lesssim w(B)^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_{2r}^{\infty} ||f||_{L_{p,w}(B(x_0,t))} ||w^{-1/p}||_{L_{p'}(B(x_0,t))} \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}}$$

$$\lesssim [w]_{A_p}^{\frac{1}{p}} w(B)^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_{2r}^{\infty} ||f||_{L_{p,w}(B(x_0,t))} w(B(x_0,t))^{-\frac{1}{p}} \frac{dt}{t}.$$
(3.5)

Then, by (3.4) and (3.5) we get

$$\|\mu_{\Omega,b}f\|_{L_{p,w}(B)} \lesssim \|\Omega\|_{L_{s}(S^{n-1})} [w]_{A_{\frac{p}{s'}}}^{\frac{1}{p}} \|b\|_{*} w(B)^{\frac{1}{p}} \times \int_{2r}^{\infty} \left(1 + \ln \frac{t}{r}\right) \|f\|_{L_{p,w}(B(x_{0},t))} w(B(x_{0},t))^{-\frac{1}{p}} \frac{dt}{t}.$$

Let also  $1 and <math>w^{1-p'} \in A_{p'/s'}$ . Since  $f_1 \in L_{p,w}(\mathbb{R}^n)$ ,  $\mu_{\Omega,b}(f_1) \in L_{p,w}(\mathbb{R}^n)$  and from the boundedness of  $\mu_{\Omega,b}$  in  $L_{p,w}(\mathbb{R}^n)$  for  $w^{1-p'} \in A_{p'/s'}$  and 1 (see Theorem 2.1) it follows that

$$\|\mu_{\Omega,b}(f_1)\|_{L_{p,w}(B)} \leq \|\mu_{\Omega,b}(f_1)\|_{L_{p,w}(\mathbb{R}^n)} \lesssim \|\Omega\|_{L_s(S^{n-1})} [w^{1-p'}]_{A_{\frac{p'}{s'}}}^{\frac{1}{p'}} \|b\|_* \|f_1\|_{L_{p,w}(\mathbb{R}^n)}$$

$$\approx \|\Omega\|_{L_s(S^{n-1})} [w^{1-p'}]_{A_{\frac{p'}{s'}}}^{\frac{1}{p'}} \|b\|_* \|f\|_{L_{p,w}(2B)}.$$

If  $1 and <math>w^{1-p'} \in A_{p'/s'}$ , then using Minkowski theorem and Hölder inequality,

$$\begin{split} I_{1} &\lesssim w(B)^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_{2r}^{\infty} \int_{B(x_{0},t)} |b(y) - b_{B,w}| \, |\Omega(x-y)| \, |f(y)| dy \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}} \\ &\leq \left( \int_{B} \left( \int_{2r}^{\infty} \int_{B(x_{0},t)} |b(y) - b_{B,w}| \, |\Omega(x-y)| |f(y)| dy \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}} \right)^{p} \, w(x) dx \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \\ &\leq \int_{2r}^{\infty} \int_{B(x_{0},t)} \||b(\cdot) - b_{B,w}| \, |\Omega(\cdot - y)| \|_{L_{p,w}(B)} |f(y)| \, dy \, \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}} \\ &\lesssim \int_{2r}^{\infty} \int_{B(x_{0},t)} \|\Omega(\cdot - y)\|_{L_{s}(B)} \, \|b(\cdot) - b_{B,w}\|_{L_{(s/p)'}(B)}^{\frac{1}{p}} |f(y)| \, dy \, \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}} \\ &\lesssim \|b\|_{*} \, \|\Omega\|_{L_{s}(S^{n-1})} \, \|w\|_{L_{(s/p)'}(B)}^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_{2r}^{\infty} \int_{B(x_{0},t)} \left( 1 + \ln \frac{t}{r} \right) |B(0,r + |x_{0} - y|)|^{\frac{1}{s}} |f(y)| \, dy \, \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}} \\ &\lesssim \|b\|_{*} \, \|\Omega\|_{L_{s}(S^{n-1})} \, \|w\|_{L_{(s/p)'}(B)}^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_{2r}^{\infty} \left( 1 + \ln \frac{t}{r} \right) \|f\|_{L_{1}(B(x_{0},t))} |B(0,r + t)|^{\frac{1}{s}} \, \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}} \\ &\lesssim \|b\|_{*} \, \|\Omega\|_{L_{s}(S^{n-1})} \, \|w\|_{L_{\frac{s}{s-p}}(B)}^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_{2r}^{\infty} \left( 1 + \ln \frac{t}{r} \right) \|f\|_{L_{p,w}(B(x_{0},t))} \|w^{-p'/p}\|_{L_{1}(B(x_{0},t))}^{\frac{1}{p'}} |B(x_{0},t)|^{\frac{1}{s}} \, \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}} \\ &\lesssim \|b\|_{*} \, \|\Omega\|_{L_{s}(S^{n-1})} \, \|b\|_{L_{\frac{s}{s-p}}(B)}^{\frac{1}{s}} \, \|w\|_{L_{\frac{s}{s-p}}(B)}^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_{2r}^{\infty} \left( 1 + \ln \frac{t}{r} \right) \|f\|_{L_{p,w}(B(x_{0},t))} \|w^{1-p'}\|_{L_{1}(B(x_{0},t))}^{\frac{1}{p'}} |B(x_{0},t)|^{\frac{1}{s}} \, \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}} \end{split}$$

and

$$\begin{split} I_{2} &= \left( \int_{B} |b(x) - b_{B,w}|^{p} w(x) dx \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_{\mathbb{C}_{(2B)}} \frac{|\Omega(x - y)| |f(y)|}{|x_{0} - y|^{n}} dy \\ &\leq \|b\|_{*} \ w(B)^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_{2r}^{\infty} \int_{B(x_{0},t)} |\Omega(x - y)| |f(y)| dy \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}} \\ &\leq \|b\|_{*} \left( \int_{B} \left( \int_{2r}^{\infty} \int_{B(x_{0},t)} |\Omega(x - y)| |f(y)| dy \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}} \right)^{p} w(x) dx \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \\ &\leq \|b\|_{*} \int_{2r}^{\infty} \int_{B(x_{0},t)} \|\Omega(\cdot - y)\|_{L_{p}(B)} |f(y)| dy \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}} \\ &\leq \|b\|_{*} \int_{2r}^{\infty} \int_{B(x_{0},t)} \|\Omega(\cdot - y)\|_{L_{p}(B)} \|w\|_{L_{(s/p)'}(B)}^{\frac{1}{p}} |f(y)| dy \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}} \\ &\leq \|b\|_{*} \|\Omega\|_{L_{s}(S^{n-1})} \|w\|_{L_{(s/p)'}(B)}^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_{2r}^{\infty} \int_{B(x_{0},t)} \|\Omega(\cdot - y)\|_{L_{s}(B)} |B(0, r + |x_{0} - y|)|^{\frac{1}{s}} |f(y)| dy \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}} \\ &\lesssim \|b\|_{*} \|\Omega\|_{L_{s}(S^{n-1})} \|w\|_{L_{(s/p)'}(B)}^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_{2r}^{\infty} \|f\|_{L_{1}(B(x_{0},t))} |B(0, r + t)|^{\frac{1}{s}} \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}} \\ &\lesssim \|b\|_{*} \|\Omega\|_{L_{s}(S^{n-1})} \|w\|_{L_{\frac{s}{s-p}}(B)}^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_{2r}^{\infty} \|f\|_{L_{p,w}(B(x_{0},t))} \|w^{-p'/p}\|_{L_{1}(B(x_{0},t))}^{\frac{1}{p'}} |B(x_{0},t)|^{\frac{1}{s}} \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}} \\ &\lesssim \|b\|_{*} \|\Omega\|_{L_{s}(S^{n-1})} |B|_{s}^{\frac{1}{s}} \|w\|_{L_{\frac{s}{s-p}}(B)}^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_{2r}^{\infty} \|f\|_{L_{p,w}(B(x_{0},t))} \|w^{1-p'}\|_{L_{1}(B(x_{0},t))}^{\frac{1}{p'}} |B(x_{0},t)|^{\frac{1}{s}} \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}} \end{split}$$

is obtained. By applying (2.3) for  $\|w^{1-p'}\|_{L_1(B(x_0,t))}^{\frac{1}{p'}}$  and (2.5) for  $\|w\|_{L_{\frac{s}{s-p}}(B)}^{\frac{1}{p}}$  we have the following inequality

$$\|\mu_{\Omega,b}(f_2)\|_{L_{p,w}(B)} \lesssim \|\Omega\|_{L_s(S^{n-1})} [w^{1-p'}]_{A_{\frac{p'}{s'}}}^{\frac{1}{p'}} \|w\|_{L_{\frac{s}{s-p}(B)}}^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_{2r}^{\infty} \left(1 + \ln\frac{t}{r}\right) \|f\|_{L_{p,w}(B(x_0,t))} \|w\|_{L_{\frac{s}{s-p}}(B(x_0,t))}^{-\frac{1}{p}} \frac{dt}{t}$$

is valid. Thus

$$\|\mu_{\Omega,b}(f)\|_{L_{p,w}(B)} \lesssim \|\Omega\|_{L_{s}(S^{n-1})} \left[w^{1-p'}\right]_{A_{\underline{p'}}}^{\frac{1}{p'}} \left(\|f\|_{L_{p,w}(2B)} + \|w\|_{L_{\frac{s}{s-p}(B)}}^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_{2r}^{\infty} \left(1 + \ln\frac{t}{r}\right) \|f\|_{L_{p,w}(B(x_{0},t))} \|w\|_{L_{\frac{s}{s-p}}(B(x_{0},t))}^{-\frac{1}{p}} \frac{dt}{t}\right).$$

On the other hand,

$$\begin{split} & \|f\|_{L_{p,w}(2B)} \approx |B| \|f\|_{L_{p,w}(2B)} \int_{2r}^{\infty} \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}} \\ & \lesssim |B| \int_{2r}^{\infty} \|f\|_{L_{p,w}(B(x_0,t))} \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}} \\ & = [w^{1-p'}]_{A_{p'}(B)}^{-\frac{1}{p'}} |B|^{\frac{1}{s}} \|w^{1-p'}\|_{L_1(B)}^{\frac{1}{p'}} \|w\|_{L_{\frac{s}{s-p}(B)}}^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_{2r}^{\infty} \|f\|_{L_{p,\omega}(B(x_0,t))} \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}} \\ & \lesssim [w^{1-p'}]_{A_{p'}(B)}^{-\frac{1}{p'}} \|w\|_{L_{\frac{s}{s-p}(B)}}^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_{2r}^{\infty} \|f\|_{L_{p,\omega}(B(x_0,t))} |B(x_0,t)|^{\frac{1}{s}} \|w^{1-p'}\|_{L_1(B(x_0,t))}^{\frac{1}{p'}} \frac{dt}{t^{n+1}} \\ & \lesssim \|w\|_{L_{\frac{s}{s-p}(B)}}^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_{2r}^{\infty} \|f\|_{L_{p,\omega}(B(x_0,t))} \|w\|_{L_{\frac{s}{s-p}(B(x_0,t))}}^{-\frac{1}{p}} \frac{dt}{t}. \end{split}$$

Thus

$$\|\mu_{\Omega,b}(f)\|_{L_{p,w}(B)} \lesssim \|\Omega\|_{L_{s}(S^{n-1})} [w^{1-p'}]_{A_{\frac{p'}{s'}}}^{\frac{1}{p'}} \|w\|_{L_{\frac{s}{s-p}(B)}}^{\frac{1}{p}} \int_{2r}^{\infty} \left(1 + \ln \frac{t}{r}\right) \|f\|_{L_{p,w}(B(x_{0},t))} \|w\|_{L_{\frac{s}{s-p}(B(x_{0},t))}}^{-\frac{1}{p}} \frac{dt}{t}.$$

Thus we complete the proof of Lemma 3.1.

**Theorem 3.1** Suppose that  $b \in BMO(\mathbb{R}^n)$ ,  $\Omega$  be satisfies the conditions (1.1), (1.2) and  $\Omega \in L_s(S^{n-1})$ ,  $1 < s \le \infty$ . Let  $s' , <math>w \in A_{\frac{p}{s'}}(\mathbb{R}^n)$  and the pair  $(\varphi_1, \varphi_2)$  satisfy the condition

$$\int_{r}^{\infty} \left(1 + \ln \frac{t}{r}\right) \frac{\operatorname{ess inf}_{t < \tau < \infty} \varphi_{1}(x, \tau) w(B(x, \tau))^{\frac{1}{p}}}{w(B(x, t))^{\frac{1}{p}}} \frac{dt}{t} \le C \varphi_{2}(x, r),$$

where C does not depend on x and r. Let also,  $1 , <math>w^{1-p'} \in A_{p'/s'}$  and the pair  $(\varphi_1, \varphi_2)$  satisfy the condition

$$\int_{r}^{\infty} \left(1 + \ln \frac{t}{r}\right) \frac{\operatorname{ess inf}_{t < \tau < \infty} \varphi_{1}(x, \tau) \|w\|_{L_{\frac{s}{s-p}(B(x, \tau))}}^{1/p}}{\|w\|_{L_{\frac{s}{s-p}(B(x, t))}}^{1/p}} \frac{dt}{t} \le C \varphi_{2}(x, r) \frac{w(B(x, r))^{\frac{1}{p}}}{\|w\|_{L_{\frac{s}{s-p}(B(x, r))}}^{\frac{1}{p}}},$$

where C does not depend on x and r.

Then the operator  $\mu_{\Omega,b}$  is bounded from  $M_{p,\varphi_1}(w)$  to  $M_{p,\varphi_2}(w)$ . Moreover

$$\|\mu_{\Omega,b}f\|_{M_{p,\varphi_2}(w)} \lesssim \|f\|_{M_{p,\varphi_1}(w)}.$$

**Proof.** By Lemma 3.1 and Theorem 2.2 with  $\nu_1(r) = \varphi_1(x,r)^{-1} w(B(x,t))^{-\frac{1}{p}}, \nu_2(r) = \varphi_2(x,r)^{-1}$  and  $w(r) = w(B(x,r))^{-\frac{1}{p}}$  we have

$$\|\mu_{\Omega,b}f\|_{M_{p,\varphi_{2}}(w)} = \sup_{x \in \mathbb{R}^{n}, r > 0} \varphi_{2}(x, r)^{-1} w(B(x, r))^{-\frac{1}{p}} \|\mu_{\Omega,b}f\|_{L_{p,w}(B(x, r))}$$

$$\lesssim \|b\|_{*} \sup_{x \in \mathbb{R}^{n}, r > 0} \varphi_{2}(x, r)^{-1} \int_{r}^{\infty} \left(1 + \ln\frac{t}{r}\right) \|f\|_{L_{p,w}(B(x, t))} w(B(x, t))^{-\frac{1}{p}} \frac{dt}{t}$$

$$\lesssim \|b\|_{*} \sup_{x \in \mathbb{R}^{n}, r > 0} \varphi_{1}(x, r)^{-1} w(B(x, r))^{-\frac{1}{p}} \|f\|_{L_{p,w}B(x, r)}$$

$$= \|b\|_{*} \|f\|_{M_{p,\varphi_{1}}(w)}.$$

**Remark 3.2** Note that Lemma 3.1 and Theorem 3.1 in the case  $s = \infty$  was proved in [12].

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